

## **Resumé**

This thesis deals with the topic of „Parties to contentious proceedings“. The parties involved in the dispute represent the cornerstone of any civil proceedings. Without the parties, there would be no civil procedure at all. The parties, the courts and other subjects make up the basic elements of the civil proceedings. Which is also the reason why the definition of the parties have the significant impact on the entire civil procedure.

The civil procedure can be defined as a body of law that sets out the procedure rules for courts, disputing parties and other subjects, while defence to breached or threatened subjective rights and lawful interests is provided.

The thesis offers a scope into the historical consequences of the concept of parties to present form along with the development of civil procedure with its changes. Besides that there is description of subjects who are involved in the civil procedure. For better differentiating a proceedings of proceedings there are listed other types of civil proceedings. Especially the contentious and non-contentious proceedings.

The introductory chapters for the parties address the issue of who can become a party to the proceedings and what the conditions are. The conditions include, in particular, the capacity to possess rights and duties and the capacity to enter into legal relations, which stands for the possibility of acting before the court on one's own and demand the protection of one's rights.

The following chapter deals with theme of rights and obligations of the parties.

The other topic of this thesis are differences between contentious and non-contentious proceedings, there are highlighted different legal principles applicable to parties in the contentious and non-contentious proceedings.

This work also deals with procedural topics related to contentious proceedings. E.g. the situation when there are multiple entities on one or the other side, or both sides for that matter, demanding the protection of their respective rights. There are many others dealing with the lack of procedural conditions etc. All procedural institutions are described in accordance with the current legal framework.

The conclusion is devoted to summarize the development of civil procedure, institutions and parties as such. Thesis is closing with thoughts regarding the future development of the new civil procedure code and possible law changes.